

## **Surge arrester**

2-Electrode arrester

Series/Type: DG2R090M

**Customer:** 

Version/Date: Issue 01/2015-9-9



# Surge arrester 2-Electrode arrester DG2R090M

Features	Applications		
Extremely small size	<ul><li>Splitter</li></ul>		
<ul> <li>Extremely fast response time</li> </ul>	<ul><li>PCI Cards</li></ul>		
<ul> <li>Eexcllent SMD handing</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Morden</li></ul>		
<ul> <li>Stable performance over life</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Line cards</li></ul>		
<ul> <li>Very low capacitance</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>High insulation resistance</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>RoHS-compatible</li> </ul>			
UL-identification, No:E311500			
Electrical specifications		T	
DC breakdown voltage <sup>2) 3)</sup>		90	V
——Circuit current less than 2mA		±30	%
Impulse breakdown voltage 1)			
at 1kv/us -Typical values of distribution		≪600	V
Insulation resistance at DC 50V		≥1	GΩ
Capacitance at 1MHz 2)		≤0.8	Pf
Service life <sup>2)</sup>			
10 operations 8/20u	ns 8/20us		KA
10 operations 50Hz		5	A
Weight		~1	g
Storage and operations temperature		-40+90	°C
Climatic category (GB/T 9043, IEC61643-1)		40/90/21	
Marking,Blue positive		2R 90	





Tel: +86-510-81707285 Fax: +86-510-81707277

www.jsdgme.com

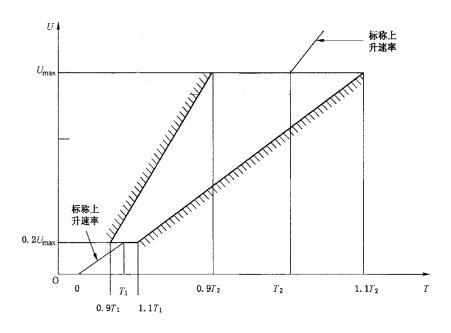
DC Elec. Issue 01/2015-9-9



Surge arrester

## 2-Electrode arrester DG2R090M

## DC breakdown voltage



8/20us, Test wave

T1=1.25T=8us±20%

T2=20us±20%

10/700us, Test Wave

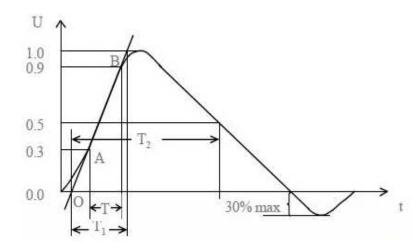
T1=1.67T=10us±20%

T2=700us±20%

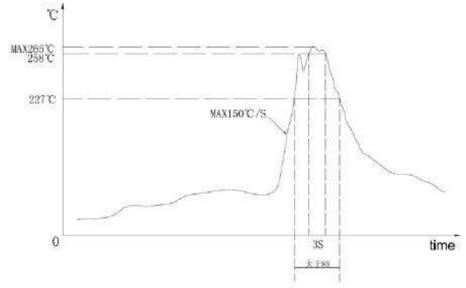
10/1000us,Test Wave

T1=1.67T=10us±20%

T2=1000us±20%



## Recommended wave slodering profile



DC Elec. Issue 01/2015-9-9

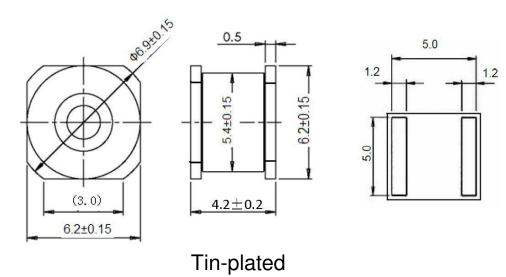


Surge arrester

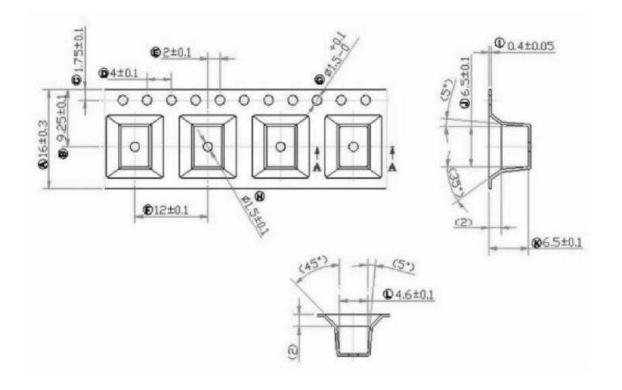
## 2-Electrode arrester DG2R090M

- 1) Sampling size in accordance to AQL(C=0)
- 2) DC spark-over voltage ±35% after load
- 3) Tests according to ITU-T Rec. K. 12 and IEC61643-1

#### **Dimensions**



## Packaging



One reel with 800pcs

## Cautions and warnings

- Surge arresters must not be operated directly in power supply networks
- Surge arresters may become hot in case of longer periods of current stress (danger of burning).
- If the contacts of the surge arrester are defective, current stress can lead to the formation of sparks and loud noises.
- Surge arresters may be used only within their specified values. In case of overload, the head contacts may fail or the component may be destroyed.
- Damaged surge arresters must not be re-used.

DC Elec. Issue 02/2015-9-9